## B.A./B.Sc. 2nd Semester

## QUANTITATIVE TECHNIQUES-II

Time Allowed-3 Hours]
[Maximum Marks-100
Note :-Attempt five questions selecting at least one question from each section.

## SECTION-A

1. (a) Explain significance and limitations of statistics.
(b) Discuss the objectives and advantages of classification.

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2. Discuss the various types of graphical representation of data.

## SECTION-B

3. (a) The mean annual salaries paid to 1000 employees of a company were Rs. 5,000 . The mean annual salaries paid to male and female employees were Rs. 5,200 and Rs. 4,200. Determine the percentage of male and female employed by the company.
(b) Find the median from the following data :

| Mid value : | 2.5 | 7.5 | 12.5 | 17.5 | 22.5 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency : | 7 | 18 | 25 | 30 | 20 |

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(Contd.)
a2zpapers.com
4. (a) From the prices of shares of X and Y given below, find out which is more stable in value :

| $\mathrm{X}: ~ 35$ | 54 | 52 | 53 | 56 | 58 | 52 | 50 | 51 | 49 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{Y}: 108$ | 107 | 105 | 105 | 106 | 107 | 104 | 103 | 104 | 101 |

(b) Calculate the coefficient of kurtosis from the following data :

Marks :

| Marks : | $60-$ | $63-$ | $66-$ | $69-$ | $72-$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | 62 | 65 | 68 | 71 | 74 |
| No. of students : | 5 | 18 | 42 | 27 | 8 |

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## SECTION-C

5. (a) Find Karl Pearson's correlation coefficient between age and playing habit of the following students :

| Age : | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 20 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of Students : | 250 | 200 | 150 | 120 | 100 | 80 |
| Regular Player : | 200 | 150 | 90 | 48 | 30 | 16 |

(b) Obtain the rank correlation coefficient from the following data :

| $\mathrm{X}:$ | 50 | 55 | 65 | 50 | 55 | 60 | 50 | 65 | 70 | 75 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{Y}:$ | 110 | 110 | 115 | 125 | 140 | 115 | 130 | 120 | 115 | 160 |

6. (a) What is regression line? Why are there generally two regression lines?
(b) In a partially destroyed laboratory record of an analysis of correlation data, the following results only are legible :

$$
\text { Variance of } x=9
$$

Regression equations

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 8 x-10 y+66=0 \\
& 40 x-18 y=214
\end{aligned}
$$

Find on the basis of the above information :
(i) The mean values of x and y .
(ii) The coefficient of correlation between x and y .
(iii) S.D. of Y.

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## SECTION-D

7. (a) Describe briefly the problems faced in the construction of an Index number of prices.
(b) Construct a Fisher's Ideal Index of price from the following data and show that it satisfies time reversal and factor reversal tests.

|  | 2015 |  |  | 2016 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Items | Price | Qty. |  | Price | Qty. |
| A | 10 | 40 | 12 | 45 |  |
| B | 11 | 50 | 11 | 52 |  |
| C | 14 | 30 | 17 | 30 |  |
| D | 8 | 28 | 10 | 29 |  |
| E | 12 | 15 | 13 | 20 |  |

8. (a) Explain the various methods of determining trend in a time series.
(b) Below are given the figures of production (in thousand quintals) of a sugar factory. Fit a straight line trend and find the trend values.

## Years <br> Productions

| 2007 | 80 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2008 | 90 |  |
| 2009 | 92 |  |
| 2010 | 83 |  |
| 2011 | 94 |  |
| 2012 | 99 |  |
| 2013 | 92 | 10,10 |

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